

# The *No secrets* Review: Empowerment, Prevention and Response

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### **Process of Review**



- Huge Consultation carried out; several thousands of people involved. Very high numbers of service users.
- Consultation closed on January 31<sup>st</sup>. Responses being analysed.
- Four different Ministers will be considering the messages.

### Focus of the review



- 1. How does society keep people safe from abuse or harm?
- 2. And in particular, how do we combine keeping people safe with three Government policy goals:
  - (i) increasing independence, choice and control for users of health and social care services;
  - (ii) increasing access to meaningful community empowerment and safer housing in wider society; and
  - (iii) increasing access to criminal justice for all?

### The document:



The consultation document is divided into nine sections:

Section 1 sets the scene for making safeguarding everyone's business.

Section 2 describes the policy background against which this review is taking place.

Section 3 examines three fundamental safeguarding issues: leadership, prevention and outcomes.

#### The document:



Section 4 invites a debate about what aspects of safeguarding can be built into personalisation and what aspects of choice and control can be built into safeguarding.

Section 5 looks at safeguarding in health services

## The document ...



**Section 6** asks whether safeguarding, housing responsibilities and community empowerment should be better integrated, to enable tenants and residents to live safer lives.

**Section 7** asks how safeguarding vulnerable adults can become core police business and what more the courts can do to increase access to justice.

#### The document:



**Section 8** examines the case for legislation and/or guidance to support change

**Section 9** raises challenging questions about definitions, eligibility, language and principles.

### Lots of Questions



But three key ones:

- 1. Leadership role of members?
- 2. Empowerment role of members?
- 3. Prevention role of members?

# Key Question no 1:



LEADERSHIP on Adult safeguarding?

Who provides leadership? Is there a lead member? Who oversees Safeguarding Boards? How do members know that Safeguarding Boards are working effectively?

### Questions to ask



 Safeguarding adults policy: based on assumptions about children or adults?

Service User: Choice and control?
Whose protection plan is it?

: Mental Capacity Act principles?

# Key Question No 2:



DO WE DO ENOUGH EMPOWERMENT?

What is the role of members? Scrutiny?

# Why empowerment?



- Because working with children and working with adults is not the same.
- Because we should start from the assumption that adults want to be in control of their protection plans
- Because we should start from the assumption that adults decide their paths to safety
- Because we need to balance people's right to autonomy with the need to safeguard
- Because we must be very careful not to walk all over people's family life.

# Key issue 3: Prevention?



- Demography Number of older people will double
- Many more self funders buying their own care with own money
- More personalisation buying care with public money

# Prevention means addressing risk



- Are we educating people about risk?
- Are we sharing our power as professionals?
- Are we empowering people to make decisions about their lives?
- Are we facilitating people to take risks if they choose?

# Prevention + Issues of Choice



- What do we know about people's wishes for independence, choice and control?
- How do we facilitate informed self determination in risky situations and in the safeguarding process?

# And Housing



- How do we enable residents and tenants to live safer lives?
- Do we expect local authority housing services and social care services to act as one, and if so how do we do it?
- How do members ensure that housing departments and social care work with each other?\*\*\*\*\*\*

# GUIDANCE - LEGISLATION?



- GUIDANCE LEGISLATION? CENTRAL LOCAL?
- What safeguarding legislation would empower people?
- What would fit best within a wider personalisation agenda?
- What would make the biggest difference?

# Language



#### Victims and Perpetrators...

 "VICTIMS": Do people want to be seen as victims? Some people re-define themselves as survivors. The word victim perpetuates perceptions of passive, helpless, objects – people we as professionals can continue to do things to..

# More language



- Perpetrators..." Also problematic.
   includes Darren Stewart, convicted of
   killing Steven Hoskin a young man with
   serious mental health needs, who the NHS
   failed but it also includes many spouses
   of elderly people with dementia.
- Is the word still useful or has it been overused?

### Role for members?



- Adult safeguarding role is as important as Children's safeguarding
- But it has a different starting point and travels in a different direction
- Policy, procedures all needs reviewing



